Focused Oral Reading Practice: A New Approach

PRACTICE HANDOUTS

Presented for

University of Central Arkansas

June 12, 2023

Passage 4 - ACCURACY

Section A 47 words

The moon looks like it changes shape over a month. After the moon is full, it gets smaller and smaller. In about fifteen days, we can't see the moon at all. Then it starts getting larger. At the end of thirty days, the moon appears full again.

Section B 32 words

doesn't

Serena

When the moon shines, it does not give off its own light. The moon reflects light from the sun. The moon doesn't really get smaller or larger. It just looks that way.

Section C 53 words

half - SC

Jamar

The sun is always shining on one-half of the moon. The amount of light we see from the moon depends on where the moon, sun, and earth are. When we don't see any light from the moon, it is still in the sky. We just can't see the side that is getting sunlight.

Section D 59 words

The shapes of the moon have different names. The full moon looks like a white circle in the air. We see a full moon when the earth is between the moon and the sun. When the moon is dark, it is called a new moon. A new moon happens when the moon is between the sun and the earth.

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USE FOR PRACTICE

Oral Reading Tracking Chart **Accuracy**

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Date											
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Passage #											
Section (Letter)											
# Words in Section											
	Word	ls Cor	rect a	nd Se	lf-Co	rrecti	ons				
Words Correct											
Self-Corrections											

Accuracy Percentage

- ► Move to the next section after reading a section with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats.
- ► Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

Accuracy	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
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79% or lower															

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Oral Reading Tracking Chart **Accuracy**

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				Date		WILLLIO	more trair z	total sell-col	rections an	u repeats	
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Self-Corrections											
			Accurac	y Per	centaç	ge					

- ► Move to the next section after reading a section with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats.
- ► Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

Accuracy	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
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Oral Reading Tracking Chart Accuracy

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Passage #	4				5		6	6	7	/					
Section (Letter)	A				C		B	D	E	C					
# Words in Section	47	V	V	V	50	1/2	52	46	36	57					
				Word	s Cor	rect a	nd Se	If-Co	rrecti	ons					A.
Words Correct	43	46	47	47	49	50	52	46	36	54					
Self-Corrections	1	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	1						

Accuracy Percentage

•Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

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[•]Move to the next section after reading a section with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats.

0	An insect is a certain kind of bug.	All insects ho	ave a body with
14	three parts, and they have three p	airs of legs.	Most, but not all,

- 27 insects have wings. No insects have backbones. Instead, they
- 36 have skeletons on the outside.
- Insects are found all over the world. They make their homes in
- 53 hot and cold climates. They live in forests, jungles, grasslands, and
- 63 swamps. Insects are often found around ponds and streams.
- We know of more than a million types of insects. There may be 6
- to 30 million types. That means there are many insects we don't
- know about. We may never find all the types of insects.
- 110 Some insects you may know are ants, bees, and wasps. There
- are many insects you may not have heard about. The atlas moth
- has large wings, and the tips of the wings look like snake heads.
- Only about one percent of insects can harm humans. The sting of
- a bee or wasp can hurt. Mosquito bites also hurt. A fly is also an
- insect. Like most insects, it is just a pest and doesn't hurt us.

186



Oral Reading Tracking Chart Rate

Name:							Date			R		98% o	r high han 2 se		_
Date						_	uto								
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98% 97% or lower															

Words Correct per Minute (WCPM) and Self-Corrections

- ► Move to the next section after reading a section at the wcpm rate goal with a maximum of 2 self-corrections.
- ► Move to the next grade level after reading 3 sections in a row at the rate goal on a cold read (first time reading the section). Both cold reads must be at 98% accuracy or higher with no more than 2 self-corrections.

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Words Correct per Minute										
Self-Corrections										
125 or higher										
120 - 124										
115 - 119										
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44 or lower										



Selecting Passages Levels and Rate Goals for Oral Reading Practice

Grades 1 and 2 should start with Grade 1 passages. The rate goal will be the goal for the time of year.

1. Selecting Initial Passages to Use for Accuracy Practice

- On the tables below, find the range of the student's accuracy score and rate scores on the Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) assessment.
- Select passages for each student at the lowest grade level suggested by accuracy and rate scores.

	Grade 3	
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for
Accuracy	Nace	Passages
95% - 100%	60+	Grade Level
90% - 94%	45 – 59	2 nd grade
85% - 89%	30 – 44	1 st grade
75% - 84%	Below 30	decodable

	Grade 4										
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for Passages									
95% - 100%	90+	Grade Level									
90% - 94%	75 – 89	3 rd grade									
85% - 89%	50 – 74	2 nd grade									
80% - 84%	35 – 50	1 st grade									
75% - 79%	Below 35	decodable									

	Grade 5	
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for Passages
95% - 100%	100+	Grade Level
90% - 94%	85 – 99	4 th grade
85% - 89%	70 – 84	3 rd grade
80% - 84%	60 – 69	2 nd grade
75% - 79%	below 60	1 st grade

	Grades 6 -	8
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for Passages
95% - 100%	110+	Grade Level
90% - 94%	95 – 109	5 th grade
85% - 89%	85 – 94	4 th grade
80% - 84%	70 – 84	3 rd grade
75% - 79%	below 70	2 nd grade

2. Setting Rate Goals

- Base the rate goal on the student's rate after finishing accuracy practice. Administer a grade level ORF assessment. Use the rate on that assessment to determine the rate goal.
- If students do not need accuracy practice initially, use the rate on the initial ORF assessment to determine the rate goal.

Grade 3	
Rate	Rate Goal
70+	90
60 – 69	85
50 – 59	80
40 – 49	75
30 – 39	70
20 – 29	6o 5

Grade 4	
Rate	Rate Goal
100+	120
90 – 99	115
80 – 89	110
70 – 79	105
60 – 69	100
50 – 59	90
40 – 49	80
30 – 39	75

Grade 5	
Rate	Rate Goal
105+	125
95 – 104	120
85 – 94	115
75 – 84	110
65 – 74	105
55 – 64	100
45 – 54	90
35 – 44	80

Grades 6 - 8	
Rate	Rate Goal
120+	140
110 – 119	135
95 – 109	130
80 – 94	120
65 – 79	110
50 – 64	100
35 – 49	95

Passage 4 - ACCURACY

Section A 47 words

The moon looks like it changes shape over a month. After the moon is full, it gets smaller and smaller. In about fifteen days, we can't see the moon at all. Then it starts getting larger. At the end of thirty days, the moon appears full again.

Section B 32 words

doesn't

Serena

When the moon shines, it does not give off its own light. The moon reflects light from the sun. The moon doesn't really get smaller or larger. It just looks that way.

Section C 53 words

half - SC

Jamar

The sun is always shining on one-half of the moon. The amount of light we see from the moon depends on where the moon, sun, and earth are. When we don't see any light from the moon, it is still in the sky. We just can't see the side that is getting sunlight.

Section D 59 words

The shapes of the moon have different names. The full moon looks like a white circle in the air. We see a full moon when the earth is between the moon and the sun. When the moon is dark, it is called a new moon. A new moon happens when the moon is between the sun and the earth.

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USE FOR PRACTICE

Oral Reading Tracking Chart **Accuracy**

Name:			 with	Accuracy Goal: 100% with no more than 2 total self-corrections and repeats										
Date														
Set, Passage, and Section														
Set#														
Passage #														
Section (Letter)														
# Words in Section														
	Word	ds Correc	t and Se	lf-Correc	tions									
Words Correct														
Self-Corrections														

Accuracy Percentage

- ► Move to the next section after reading a section with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats.
- ► Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

Accuracy	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
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99%															
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Oral Reading Tracking Chart **Accuracy**

Name:	Serena			_ Accuracy Goal: 100%							
				Date		with no more than 2 total self-corrections and repeats					
Date											
		Set,	Passa	ge, an	d Sect	tion			•		
Set#											
Passage #											
Section (Letter)											
# Words in Section											
		Words Co	rrect	and Se	elf-Cor	rections					
Words Correct											
Self-Corrections											
	_	Ac	curac	y Pero	centag	je					

- ► Move to the next section after reading a section with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats.
- ► Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

Accuracy	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
100%															
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79% or lower															

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Oral Reading Tracking Chart Accuracy

Name: David

Accuracy Goal: 100% with no more than 2 total self-corrections and repeats

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							ate								
Date	4/5	(1	46	4/6		4	4/4	4/7	4/8					
Set, Passage, and Section															
Set#															
Passage #	4				5		6	6	7	/					
Section (Letter)	A				C		B	D	E	C					
# Words in Section	47	V	V	V	50	V	52	46	36	57					
	Words Correct and Self-Corrections													1	
Words Correct	43	46	47	47	49	50	52	46	36	54					
Self-Corrections	1	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	1						
			-												

Accuracy Percentage

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- •Move to the next set after reading 3 sections in a row with 100% accuracy and no more than 2 self-corrections and repeats on the first read, then reading all 3 sections with no more than 1 error and 2 self-corrections and repeats.

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14	three parts,	and thev	have the	ree pairs	of leas.	Most.	but not	αll,

- insects have wings. No insects have backbones. Instead, they
- 36 have skeletons on the outside.
- Insects are found all over the world. They make their homes in
- 53 hot and cold climates. They live in forests, jungles, grasslands, and
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- We know of more than a million types of insects. There may be 6
- to 30 million types. That means there are many insects we don't
- know about. We may never find all the types of insects.
- 110 Some insects you may know are ants, bees, and wasps. There
- are many insects you may not have heard about. The atlas moth
- has large wings, and the tips of the wings look like snake heads.
- Only about one percent of insects can harm humans. The sting of
- a bee or wasp can hurt. Mosquito bites also hurt. A fly is also an
- insect. Like most insects, it is just a pest and doesn't hurt us.

186

Oral Reading Tracking Chart Rate

Name:							Date			R		98% o	r high	er acc	-
Date															
					Set, P	assaç	je, an	d Sec	tion						
Set#															
Passage #															
Section (Letter)															
			If acc	uracy is		uracy r lower,				accura	cy.				
Accuracy	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
100%															
99%															
98% 97% or lower															

Words Correct per Minute (WCPM) and Self-Corrections

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Words Correct per Minute								
Self-Corrections								
125 or higher								
120 - 124								
115 - 119								
110 - 114								
105 - 109								
100 - 104								
95 - 99								
90 - 94								
85 - 89								
80 - 84								
75 - 79								
70 - 74								
65 - 69								
60 - 64								
55 - 59							·	
50 - 54								
45 - 49								
44 or lower								



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85% - 89%	30 – 44	1 st grade
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	Grade 4	
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for Passages
95% - 100%	90+	Grade Level
90% - 94%	75 – 89	3 rd grade
85% - 89%	50 – 74	2 nd grade
80% - 84%	35 – 50	1 st grade
75% - 79%	Below 35	decodable

	Grade 5	
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for Passages
95% - 100%	100+	Grade Level
90% - 94%	85 – 99	4 th grade
85% - 89%	70 – 84	3 rd grade
80% - 84%	60 – 69	2 nd grade
75% - 79%	below 60	1 st grade

Grades 6 - 8					
Accuracy	Rate	Grade Level for			
Accuracy	Nate	Passages			
95% - 100%	110+	Grade Level			
90% - 94%	95 – 109	5 th grade			
85% - 89%	85 – 94	4 th grade			
80% - 84%	70 – 84	3 rd grade			
75% - 79%	below 70	2 nd grade			

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Grade 3				
Rate	Rate Goal			
70+	90			
60 – 69	85			
50 – 59	80			
40 – 49	75			
30 – 39	70			
20 – 29	6o 5			

Grade 4				
Rate	Rate Goal			
100+	120			
90 – 99	115			
80 – 89	110			
70 – 79	105			
60 – 69	100			
50 – 59	90			
40 – 49	80			
30 – 39	75			

Grade 5				
Rate	Rate Goal			
105+	125			
95 – 104	120			
85 – 94	115			
75 – 84	110			
65 – 74	105			
55 – 64	100			
45 – 54	90			
35 – 44	80			

Grades 6 - 8				
Rate	Rate Goal			
120+	140			
110 – 119	135			
95 – 109	130			
80 – 94	120			
65 – 79	110			
50 – 64	100			
35 – 49	95			

Name	Date:

Passage 1

Α	0	There are three types of bears in North America. They are the polar bear,
	14	the brown bear, and the black bear. Canada and Alaska are the only places
	28	where all three types of bears live. Polar bears are marine mammals. They
	41	live in very cold climates where there is ice and snow. Polar bears have hair
	56	that looks white. 59 Total
В	59	They are the largest kind of bear. When they stand on their hind legs, polar
	74	bears are between 8 and 10 feet tall. Polar bears can weigh between 600
	88	and 1,400 pounds. They are meat eaters. They have special claws which help
	101	them to hold onto the ice and catch seals. The ringed seal is the polar bear's
	117	favorite meal! 60 Total
C	119	Brown bears have different colors and names. Some brown bears are dark
	131	brown. Other brown bears are blonder. All brown bears have a hump above
	144	their shoulders. This hump is made of fat and muscle. Brown bears who live
	158	on the coast are called brownies. Those who live in the interior are grizzlies.
	172	Grizzlies are smaller and meaner than brownies. 60 Total
D	179	Brown bears are 6 to 8 feet tall when standing on their hind legs. They can
	195	weigh between 400 and 1,500 pounds. Brown bears eat a lot of different
	208	things like bugs, fish, berries, and baby animals. They spend all summer
	220	eating to store up fat for a winter nap. Black bears are the smallest kind
	235	of bear. 58 Total
Е	237	They are only 5 or 6 feet when standing on their hind legs. Some black bears
	253	are a jet black color. Others are lighter. Most black bears have brown noses
	267	and big ears. Black bears weigh between 100 and 400 pounds. They have
	280	claws that are sharp and curved. These special claws help them to
	292	climb trees. 57 Total
	294	