

Radium Girls

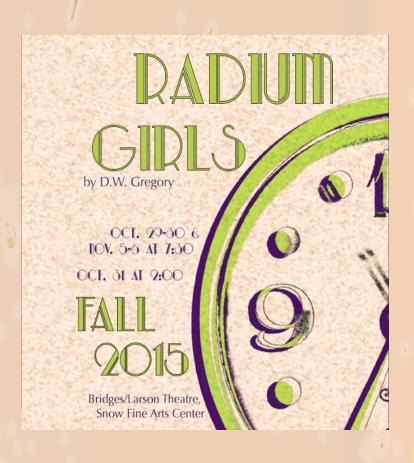


no.203.078

The University of Central Arkansas

- Since 1907

Theatre to Present Radium Girls





Show Dates & Times

October 29 & 30, 2015—7:30 pm

October 31, 2015—2:00 pm

November 5 & 6, 2015—7:30 pm

By D.W. Gregory

Study Guide by Chris Fritzges & Cody Charles Douell
Directed by Chris Fritzges



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Plot Summary of Radium Girls

"In 1926, radium was a miracle cure, Madame Curie an international celebrity, and luminous watches the latest rage—until the girls who painted them began to fall ill with a mysterious disease. Inspired by a true story, *Radium Girls* traces the efforts of Grace Fryer, a dial painter, as she fights for her day In court. Her chief adversary is her former employer, Arthur Roeder, an idealistic man who cannot bring himself to believe that the same element that shrinks tumors could have anything to do with the terrifying rash of illnesses among his employees. As the case goes on, however, Grace finds herself battling not just with the U.S. Radium Corporation, but with her own family and friends, who fear that her campaign for justice will backfire..."



Radium Girls the Play



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Jared Curtis

C.B. "Charlie" Lee/

William J.A. Bailey/



D.W. Gregory She writes about the exploration of political issues through a personal lens within her plays. The New York Times called her "a playwright with a talent to enlighten and provoke" for her most produced play, "Radium Girls."

Themes, Symbols, & Motifs

Themes

Corporate World vs. the Worker, Role of the Press & Media, Consumerism, Worker's Rights, Female Rights, Value of Hard Work, Justice & Peace

Symbols

Bright light of factory windows

Motifs (support themes):

Fighting time, Reporter & Sob Sister, Flowers, Painting, Selling radium products



Zoe Allison

Kathryn Schaub/Society



Karina Martinez Diane Roeder/ Madame Curie/ Customer



Xander Udochi Edward Markley/Von Sochocky/ Elderly Widower/ Photographer



Kayla Williams Grace Fryer



Taylor Fulgham Arthur Roeder



Brent Welch Tom Kreider/ Reporter/Joseph Knef/ Venecine Salesman



Jordyn Daniels Sob Sister/ Alma Macneil/ Clerk/ Anna Fryer



Sydney Stoner Irene Rudolph/ Katherine Wiley/ Mrs. Michaels



Levi Smith Raymond Berry/ Harrison Martland/ Frederick Flinn/ Store Owner



The World of Radium Girls



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World War I (1914-1918)



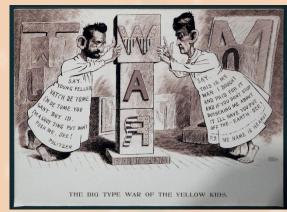
What is Radium?

A rare radioactive metal used as a source of radiation for radiotherapy; before it was found out it was toxic, it was used for: "improving bones", a better tasting chocolate, in toys and nightlights, in toothpaste, in cosmetics, in heating pads and suppositories, and in clocks and watches among many examples.

Films (silent and talking) & War Propaganda!

Woman's Lives during the War and Suffrage

Women served multiple purposed during the war. They were directly involved with the war by serving as volunteer nurses on the battle fields and corporation factory workers. Amongst the factory positons that women held, all were nearly seven day employment with extremely low wages and safety conditions. An example would be in the ammunition field, with woman getting led and mercury poisoning from the shelling case. In addition, dial-painting was another way woman both "helped" soldiers in the field and got shorter lives from Radium Poisoning. In all, woman who were worked at a factory during and immediately after the First World War were likely to not live long. From 1848 to 1920, Woman fought for the equal right to vote; this was granted in the United States in 1919 as the 19th amendment to the US Constitution.



Yellow Journalism (bold headlines & fights to "get the scoop")



Who Were The Radium Girls?



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Radium Girls

The name Radium Girls was coined by media of the 1920s to describe the plight of five girls as they sued their previous employer, the United States Radium Corporation. The five girls involved were: Grace Fryer, Katherine Schaub, Edna Hussman, Quinta McDonald, and Albina Larice. In addition to these five women, three others. Amelia Maggia, Irene Rudolph, and Hazel Kuser helped spark the ensuring lawsuit after their death. The girls were poisoned by the element, Radium, while they were employed as dial painters at US Radium in Orange, New Jersey during World War I. The woman would paint watch dials using *Undark* paint (developed by Dr. Von Sochocky), which had small traces of pure radium in it; the woman would wet the brush they used by dipping it in their mouth for a pointed end (this is called lip-dip). In total, 50 women died of Radium poisoning





Grace Fryer

Grace Frver was a bank teller in 1922 who wore a back-brace when she became concerned when her teeth began to fall out for no reason. After an examination using x-ray, it was determined that her jaw had serious decay. Using the information that her doctor suggested (1925), she linked her ailment with her former job. She spent two years finding a lawyer to challenge the corporation, along with many formal colleges; the lawyer who tookup the case was Raymond Berry. All four of the other radiuminjured dial painter and Fryer sought \$250,000 apiece and where dubbed the Radium Girls. After nearly two years of stalling by the company, a settlement of \$10,000 and all medical and legal expenses were paid to the girls plus \$600 per year annuity for as long

as they lived. Not very long after the case was settled, only years, Fryer succumbed to radium poisoning at the age of 34 (died October 27, 1933)..



Katherine Schaub

Kathryn was born in 1902 and died on February 18, 1933 at exactly 30 years, 11 months, and 8 days. She was the cousin of Irene Rudolph; her family took Irene in after her parents died. After her death, she offered her body to science in hopes that a cure for the co-victims of radium poisoning could be found.

Irene Rudolph

Kathryn Schaub's cousin who was the exact same age as her. No description or photograph of her is

known to survive The second woman, in 1922, to see a dentist in regards to a rotten jaw that sparked concern over the local women. She died in July 1923 of what Kathryn called, "a most terrible and mysterious illness." She is the first known victim to succumb to radium poisoning of the modern industrialized era.

Chronic Diseases

Consumption, Cancer, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and all forms of (supposedly) incurable diseases yield quickly, and are permanently cured by

RADIUM

"The most wonderful scientific discovery of recent years."—British Medical Journal. There is no guess work or experimenting about Radium. People who want to be cured can be cured quickly.

REMEDIES

which make a scientific application of this marvel, ones new power to the treatment of the above mentioned diseases and Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Malaria, Nervous Disorders, Eccema and Partial Paralysis, will be sent FREE upon receipt of inquiry and a statement of your case. Address

RADIUM REMEDIES CO.
WABASH AVENUE - - CHICAGO, ILL



Other Real People of Radium Girls



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Arthur Roeder

President of the US
Radium Corporation at
the time of the Radium
Girls scandal. Claimed
Cecil Drinker had
agreed to confidentiality
about the condition of
the girls who were
falling victim in order to
protect the interest of
the corporation; he was
the one that employed
Drinker in the first
place. He was fired after

Drinker in the first place. He was fired after it was known that he had hid Drinker's report.



Katherine Wiley

Chairwoman of the
National Consumers
League during the
Radium Girls case. She
told The New York World
about the plight of the
girls; she is the one
responsible for causing
the fascination of the case
for the general public.



Cecil Drinker

He visited the factory at the request of Arthur Roeder and was appalled by the conditions there, especially by the supervisors assuring the all-female workforce that the paint was safe, and even beautifying. He was the first one to directly link the ingesting of the paint by the girls as the cause of their problems, with him issuing an official report. Thanks to this report and the case, Radium-based paint was banned in the 1960s.



Madame Curie

A polish physicist that discovered Radium and Polonium. In addition to discovering both, she developed methods for the separation of radium from radioactive residues to test its properties. Ironically, she promoted the miracle therapeutic uses of radium, but exposers to high levels of it at the age of 66 in 1934.



Harrison Martland In 1924, he began

research on the effects of radioactive material on the human body; he determined that minute traces of radioactivity caused the death of the dial painters.



Sabin Arnold von Sochocky

Known for creating the world's first radium-based luminescent paint, called *Undark* that would be used by the *Radium Girls*; he was also the original president of the company.

Frederick Flinn

He was disguised as a specialist who declared Grace Fryer in being in fine health after examining her. In actuality, he was a toxicologist on the company's payroll who was the one to blame cases of radium poising as being caused by syphilis.



Impact of the Case



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P.P.E. REQUIRED

P.P.E.

The United States Department of Labor started regulation of PPE (personal protection equipment) and "speak-out" campaigns after this case settled.

Discovery of Radium Necrosis



Defined as: the necrosis (death) of bone tissue due to exposure to radium. The most common type is *Radium Jaw*, which was brought on by the ingestion and subsequent absorption of radium. In the above photo of Amelia Maggia (one of the dial painters), *Radium Jaw* can clearly be seen.



<u>Worker's Comp</u>—Journalist of the early 20th century in the United States were the first to campaign for worker's composition. Most of the journalist who campaigned for this did so voluntary. Thanks to this case, among others, worker's composition has been molded into the modern-day guidelines.



Radium Ads and Dial Painter Facts



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Dial Painter Facts

Made \$.05 per watch, which is about \$.27 today Painter upwards of 200 watches per day Pointed the brush with paint using their lips to sharpen the tip after painting each number - 12 numbers per watch Dawn of the 1920's had about 4000 dial painters







Appendix Questions



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Can you think of a modern day story similar to the Radium Girls?

Can you think of other instances where corporations have taken advantage of workers?

What other fictional stories of seeking justice have you seen or read?

What do you think the news media is still sensationalized today?

How would you feel if you were one of the Radium Girls?



Activities

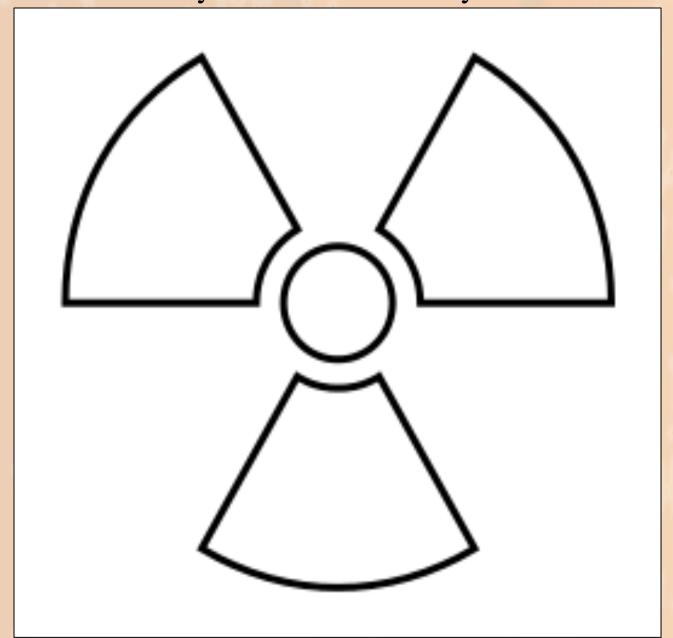


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Color your own radiation symbol!





Activities



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Create your own Radiation add! Bring it for us to look at when you come see the show!



Activities



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Matching: Match the name of the person to the person



Sabin Arnold von Sochocky

Katherine Schaub



Grace Fryer

Madam Curie

Arthur Roeder

Cecil Drinker











Source Materials





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