## ACTM Regional Pre-Calculus/Trig Exam March 3, 2012

Place the letter of the correct answer in the space provided as well as on the answer sheet. Make sure you attempt the tie-breaker questions at the end of the test if you have time.

- \_1. The equation  $(\log_3 x)^2 4\log_3 x + 3 = 0$  has two roots  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ . Determine sum of these two roots  $r_1 + r_2$ .
  - a.) -4 b.) 3 c.) 12

- d.) 30

- \_\_\_\_\_2. Determine  $\sum_{n=0}^{100} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ .

- a.) 2 b.)  $2 \frac{1}{2^{100}}$  c.)  $2 \frac{1}{2^{101}}$  d.)  $2 + \frac{1}{2^{100}}$
- \_3. The minute hand on a clock is twice as long as the hour hand. If it is 3:00 PM, then how far apart are the tips of hands on the clock if the hour hand is 1cm long?

- a.)  $\sqrt{3}$  cm b.)  $\sqrt{5}$  cm c.) 2 cm d.)  $2\sqrt{2}$  cm
- \_\_\_\_\_4. The domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{\ln(x)}{x^2 4}$  is

- a.)  $(0,\infty)$  b.)  $(-\infty,\infty)$  c.)  $(0,2)\cup(2,\infty)$  d.)  $(-\infty,-2)\cup(-2,2)\cup(2,\infty)$
- \_5. Determine all vertical asymptotes of  $f(x) = \frac{3x+6}{x^2+5x+6}$ .
  - a.) x = -3 and x = -2 b.) x = 3 c.) x = 1 and x = 3 d.) x = -3

- \_\_\_\_\_6. Find the inverse of  $f(x) = \ln(x^5)$ .

- a.)  $f^{-1}(x) = e^{-5x}$  b.)  $f^{-1}(x) = e^{5x}$  c.)  $f^{-1}(x) = e^{x^5}$  d.)  $f^{-1}(x) = e^{x^5}$

		ng equation log s is given by	$g_2(x^2) + \log_2(4)$	= 2 has two so	olutions. The sum of these
a.	) 1	b.) 0	c.) -2	d.) 2	
8. ]	Determine th	ne $\cos\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\lambda}{2}\right)\right)$	$\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)$ .		
a.	$\frac{1}{2}$	$b.) \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$	$c.) \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$	$d.) \frac{x}{x+2}$	
9.	Determine t	he rectangular	form of the pol	ar equation $r =$	$5\sec\theta$
a.	$x^2 + y^2 = 2$	25 b.) <i>x</i> =	$= 5$ c.) $x^2$	$+y^2=5$	d.) $x + y = 5$
10.	Determine	the radius of th	e circle $x^2 + y^2$	-2x+6y+1=	= 0
a.	) 3	b.) 8	c.) $2\sqrt{2}$	d.) 1	
	$\left(-2,\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$ .	-		-	o the polar coordinates
a.	$\left(\sqrt{3},-1\right)$	b.) $(-\sqrt{3},1)$	c.) $(\sqrt{3},1)$	$d.) \left(-\sqrt{3}, -1\right)$	
12.	12. Two planes take off at the same time separated by 30 degrees. Plane A is travelling at 200 mph while plane B is traveling at 300 mph. Approximately how far apart are the planes after two hours?				
	a.) 361 mil	es b.) 72	1 miles c.) 500	) miles d.) 32	3 miles
13.	13. The line $y = x - 1$ intersects $3x^2 + y^2 = 1$ at two points. Determine the area of the triangle made by these two points and the point $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -1\right)$ .				
	a.) 1	b.) $\frac{1}{8}$	c.) $\frac{1}{2}$	d.) $\frac{1}{4}$	

14. The sum of	all the coefficie	ents in $(3x-2)^6$	is		
a.) -64	b.) 15625	c.) 64	d.) 1		
15. Determine $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}$	$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \cos^n(\frac{\pi}{4}).$				
a.) $\sqrt{2}$	b) $2(2+\sqrt{2})$	c) $1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	d) $2 + \sqrt{2}$		
16. Determine	the function tha	at is even.			
a.) $f(x) = \cos c$ c.) $f(x) = \tan c$			b.) $f(x) = \sin x - \cos x$ d.) $f(x) = \csc x \sec x$	c	
	angle and y it b.) 1		ngle. Determine $\cos(y - \frac{1}{2})$	- x) .	
18. Which of the	ne following is	a horizontal asy	$ymptote of f(x) = tan^{-}$	$^{1}(x)$	
a.) $y = 0$		b.) <i>y</i> =	=1		
$c.) \ \ y = \frac{\pi}{4}$		d.) <i>y</i> =	$=\frac{\pi}{2}$		
19. The equation $8\sin^3 x - 1 = 0$ has one solution between 0 and $\frac{\pi}{2}$ . Determine the cotangent of this solution.					
a.) 8	b.) 1	c.) $\sqrt{3}$	d.) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$		
20. Solve the in	nequality and w	rite the final ar	nswer in interval notatio	on: $ x^2 - 6  < x$ .	
a.) $(-\infty, -\sqrt{6})$	$\cup(\sqrt{6},\infty)$	b.) (2,3)	c.) (2,∞)	d.) $(\sqrt{6}, \infty)$	

21. If $\sin x = \frac{2}{3}$ and	$1 \tan x < 0$ , what is the value of $\sec x$	c?
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- a.)  $\frac{-3\sqrt{5}}{5}$  b.)  $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$  c.)  $\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{3}$  d.)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$

22. If the minute hand of a clock is 5 inches long, how far does the tip travel in 20 minutes?

- a.)  $25\pi$  in b.)  $\frac{25\pi}{2}$  in c.)  $\frac{10\pi}{3}$  in d.)  $\frac{5\pi}{3}$  in

\_23. Determine the period of  $y = \tan\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ 

- a.)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  b.)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  c.)  $\pi$  d.)  $2\pi$

24. Determine the sum of the infinite series

$$4 - \frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{9} - \frac{4}{27} + \dots$$

- a.) 6
- b.) 4 c.)  $\frac{7}{2}$  d.) 3

25. Determine the vertex of the parabola passing through (0, -12), (1, -15) and (6, 0).

- a.) (-3,10)
- b.) (2,-16) c.) (3,-15) d.) (-2,0)

## TIEBREAKERS

Name_			

Show all your work to receive maximum credit.

1. A bridge is to be built over a river. A surveyor placed pole A on one side of the river and pole B on the other side of the river. Pole C is placed 100 feet from pole A. At pole C, the surveyor measured the angle between pole B and pole A to be 68 degrees. At Pole A, the surveyor determined the angle between pole C and pole B to be 110 degrees. What is the distance between pole A and pole B to the nearest foot?

2. X is deposited in an account which has an annual interest rate of 10%. At the end of each year \$1000 is withdrawn. After five years the account has a balance of zero. Determine X to the nearest cent.

Name	

3. An equilateral triangular tube open at both ends is made by folding a rectangular piece of cardboard two times and taping the ends together. If the perimeter of the cardboard is 12 feet, then determine the length and width of the cardboard that will lead to the largest volume.

## **ANSWERS**

1.	D
2.	В
3.	В
4.	C
5.	D
6.	D
7.	В
8.	C
9.	В
10.	A
11.	A
12.	D
13.	В
14.	D
15.	D
16.	C
17.	В
18.	D
19.	C
20.	В
21.	Α
22.	C
23.	В
24.	D
25.	В

## Tiebreaker 1

Distance between pole A and pole B is 2,657 feet.

Tiebreaker 2

X=\$3,790.79

Tiebreaker 3

4 feet and 2 feet